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Optimising Workforce Productivity: A Model for Organizational Excellence in Performance and Quality

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Abstract

This part will discuss the significant marks of human asset efficiency for accomplishing authoritative greatness, zeroing in on advancement and quality. It is a spellbinding survey and blended research. The administration experts of Amman associations for assessment act as the populace for the pointer arrangement. Exploratory variable investigation and underlying condition demonstrating were used to look over the information; according to the section discoveries, the labour force efficiency of the board is essentially affected by EFQM and business. EFQM is likewise impacted in a critical and expanding way by business ventures. Thus, we can advance toward authoritative greatness by reinforcing the pointers affecting human asset efficiency and stressing quality and business venture. Accordingly, we can push toward authoritative greatness by supporting the pointers influencing enterprising business efficiency and emphasising quality and business venture.

Keywords: EFQM, Workforce Productivity, labour force efficiency.

Introduction

Today, numerous associations take a stab at greatness, yet they require an inside and out cognizance of greatness and its norms (Hashemy et al., 2016; Efimovna & Sergeevna, 2020)—most open and confidential associations centre around expanding their opposition level. Greatness in administration is a cutting-edge method for making it conceivable (Suwandej, 2015; Baboli and others, 2020).

Furthermore, associations are continually tested to perform better in each setting in which they work (Zarei et al., 2020). Since countless organisations are advancing toward allencompassing models, they should contrast their presentation with models and focus on their clients; extensive models are essential for looking at associations' exhibitions and deciding if they are on the way to greatness. Their efficiency development rates verifiably impact different social orders' development and monetary turn of events (Areiqat et al.; A. M., 2021). This provoked various scholastics to research these fields and related points like consumer loyalty, productivity, and viability.

As an essential technique, efficiency is one of the critical targets of associations laying the foundation for monetary development (Areiqat et al.; N., 2016). Estimating an association's efficiency is one of the standards for further developing it, and it is a fundamental stage in the turn of events and development of an association. It includes using and incorporating existing assets inside a specific organisation (Areiqat et al.; M., 2011). Ali Mohammad Lou and Mohammadi (2016) indicated that efficiency best utilises

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an organisation's assets for accomplishing applicable goals through a common worth framework.

Pokela (2016) indicates that people are involved in all associations, including Goliath worldwide organisations. An association's misuse of assets is reflected in its low efficiency, which eventually brings about the finish of global rivalry and a decrease in the association's business exercises. HR is one of the vast hierarchical assets. Corporate administration must choose to zero in on training, enabling imagination and drive, raising soul and inspiration, creating a representative character, and making a productive and skilled human asset association (Morgan, Chase, 2007).

As per Gupta's definition, the idea of worker efficiency and its arrangement can be made sense of in different ways: perspective, nature of work, individual capability perception, representative interrogation of mentalities, usual separate administrations audit, and time Occupation execution, the achievement of objectives, nature of work, representative intrigue, worker nature of work, result, and levels of creation or efficiency (Moghaddam and others, 2020).

Each association is an open, convoluted framework with numerous factors that affect the rest of the world. With the consistently changing business climate, the deficiency of the upper hand is becoming progressively apparent (Areiqat et al.; H. A., 2010).

Associations are looking for strategies that are both more viable and productive. We should search for better approaches to develop work productivity further and focus on the association's targets, including nonstop quality improvement. As per quality objectives, authoritative adequacy has been the essential point of progress procedures for many years (Kull, Wacker, 2010). The "worldwide gauge or demeanour of generally administration greatness" is the meaning of administration quality. Put another way, it is the distinction between how clients see or see what they anticipate from administration associations, given the contention of underwriting or denouncement (Afthanorhan et al., 2019). As Jaafreh and Al Abedallat (2012) indicated, trailblazers of complete quality administration like Deming, Jorn, Kozi, and Fingbaum consider the differentiation of value reasoning a severe fundamental weapon for turning into a remarkable association. As per Striukova and Rayna (2008), destructive quality items and administrations bring about client disappointment and the association's possible death. Then again, excellent items and administrations help the organisation attract new clients (Alheet et al., An and Saleh, M. 2021).

Then again, hierarchical business could be in better condition and requires further improvement in numerous countries, especially emerging nations like Iran, which has a conventional, asset-based economy (M Jaradat Dr, N., N Barnouti Dr, S., and Areiqat Dr, A. 2012). Authoritative business in Iran is tantamount to that of Bangladesh, Pakistan, and Jamaica, with under 1%, as per World Business Watch (2011), while it shifts somewhere in the range of 6 and 14% in created countries like Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Finland, and the US (Kelley et al., 2012).

"An interaction that yields put after some time and includes different stages from the aim to set up, send off, improve, balance out, and deal with the business, exit, and reemergence," as per the meaning of business.

In mental exploration, the business venture is commonly characterised in two ways:

- 1- as a calling that incorporates individuals who work in and oversee organisations and business people.
- 2- Opportunities' pioneering practices and strategies rely on making complete choices (Palazzeschi et al., 2018).

A business person is another peculiarity in the present associations because of a few variables: remembering limitations for assets, social issues, government scaling back, the

failure of conventional policy implementation techniques, fast ecological changes, and the support of talented and effective HR. A subset of the bigger business venture idea, the hierarchical business expects to ingrain an innovative soul inside an association (Areiqat et al., A. 2011).

Perhaps the main stage an association can take to turn into a hierarchical business visionary is to foster an enterprising society inside the organisation, give the assets essential to distinguish and gain by open doors, like HR and innovation, and plan authoritative designs and frameworks that empower corporate business (Qassas et al., A. 2021). By using research, featuring the two parts of value and business, recognising hindrances and bottlenecks, and introducing a system for creating human asset efficiency and hierarchical greatness in chief associations, this section plans to achieve these objectives.

Coming up next are the part's inquiries concerning this issue:

- 1) Is there an association between the administration of human asset efficiency in leader associations and quality aspects?
- 2) Is there an association between the board's components of business and HR efficiency in chief associations?
- 3) is there an association between business and its quality aspects in leader associations?
- 4) What elements of the planned human asset efficiency the board model for authoritative greatness in leader associations stress quality and business?
- 5) With its accentuation on quality and entrepreneurialism in regulatory frameworks, is the planned human asset efficiency the executives model the ideal choice for hierarchical greatness?

Given their importance and pertinence, the connections and impacts between these variables have been the subject of past examination.

Purpose: This study intended to find and make sense of the efficiency of the board model for HR.

Subject: This study expects to foster a labour force efficiency board model for Amman - Jordan chief offices, zeroing in on quality and business for hierarchical greatness.

Çetin et al. (2012) examined what the EFQM model of greatness meant for the association's pioneering ways of behaving and showed how utilising the hierarchical greatness model assisted the association with creating innovative ways of behaving.

As Politis (2015) indicated, innovative direction altogether influences imaginative and valuable aspects. Subsequently, the discoveries show that organisations should hold workers who increment efficiency and inventiveness to support positive and ideal behaviour, for example, objective setting and self-appraisal.

Nasution and Co. (2016) noted that a hierarchical environment, hard-working attitudes, and authority style influence worker efficiency. Efficiency affects parts of administration style more than the other variables — time, work quality, and responsibility.

Chauhan and Nema (2017) indicate that TQM is fundamental for expanding protection area efficiency. This recommends that quality estimates after quality confirmation include subjective information, rules for estimating, measurable cycle control, etc.

Executing TQM standards further develops representative efficiency by lessening copy work, misfortunes, and mistakes. The accompanying clarifications and examination setting for the review factors are given in the calculated model: As the model variable, the human asset efficiency of the executives will be the primary variable considered in this review. The hierarchical business venture and quality factors and their parts (as the indicator variable) endeavour the variable. Make sense of, show, and decipher.

Study's Methodology

Furthermore, as the measure variable, authoritative business can affect quality. As to philosophy, this section is an unmistakable, correlational contextual investigation completed among Amman-Jordan chief bodyworkers. This improvement study was intentionally led using a blend of amount and quality methodologies. The field study was used to assemble the essential information. Specialists in the field of the board and managerial undertakings were the most master individuals in this field, and 30 specialists (Accessible, HR-trained professionals, and specialists acquainted with the efficiency issue) were chosen in light of deliberate testing, a non-irregular and specific strategy, in the initial step of gathering information and recognising pointers for the method involved with demonstrating the measurable populace of the review. The last survey was created after the specialists settled on the bolts. All Amman-Jordan chief organisation workers were remembered for the subsequent step. Utilising the underlying condition strategy, affirm at, or factor examination, the example size can be five to multiple times the number of organisations of surveys (Westland, 2010). Five gatherings of 57 government organisations were chosen for separate examinations:

The five classifications are administrators, Social Instructive, Central command Clerical, State Organizations, Banks and Protection. Because of data and security concerns, the sixth gathering, the order of legal policing, was not explored. Eventually, delineated irregular inspecting was utilised to choose 520 representatives, given the local area size.

The information examination used the primary condition approach, corroborative and exploratory element investigation, one-example t-test, Pearson relationship, and expressive and inferential measurements. Two polls were utilised for the measurable populace of specialists in this review, and three were used for the factual populace of staff. The reality of the situation was resolved by utilising exploratory component investigation and content legitimacy (well-qualified assessment).

Before applying factor investigation, the information's legitimacy and testing precision are checked with the Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin models (KMO). The variable investigation results show that five elements sum up 42 sub-aspects (pointers) connected with the item the executives for HR.

The discoveries demonstrate that the examining quality KMO worth of 0.947 is OK. The component examination results partition the business into 20 sub-aspects (markers) into four elements. The discoveries demonstrate that the testing quality KMO worth of 0.921 is satisfactory. Nine elements summarise 51 quality-related sub-lists in light of the variable examination results. The outcomes show that the examining quality's KMO esteem is 0.977, which is a decent number. The corroborative component investigation results for each examination variable's unwavering quality worth were utilised to compute the typical fluctuation removed (Table 1).

Table 1. The extracted variance of chapter variables

Variable	AVE	The number of variable components		
Entrepreneurship	0.741	20		
Quality	0.845	51		
Human Resource Productivity Management	0.755	47		
Acceptable value	< 0.5			

The confirmatory factor analysis results of the reliability value of each chapter's variable were used to calculate the composite reliability, which can be found in the table below (Table 2).

Table 2. Composite reliability of chapter variables

Variable	CR	The number of variable components		
Entrepreneurship	0.912	20		
Quality	0.980	51		
Human Resource Productivity Management	0.938	47		
Acceptable value	< 0.6			

Combination legitimacy is additionally settled because (CR) is more noteworthy than 0.7 and more enormous than AVE, and AVE is more memorable than 0.5. Cronbach's alpha was used to gauge the poll's unwavering quality. In the human asset efficiency the board poll, Cronbach's alpha was 0.953; in business, it was 0.912; what is more, in quality, it was 0.981.

For clarification on efficiency, the board of HR:

Legitimacy of expectation: Relapse examination uncovers that the human asset efficiency variable precisely predicts 26% of the enterprising variable to survey its prescient legitimacy as a reliant variable.

The typical sample bias is (0.17) 2 =0.0289.

Discriminant Validity: MSV & ASV less than AVE

MSV=.973*.973=.947

ASV= (.869+.973+.959+.748+.772)/5=.864

MSV<AVE

ASV<AVE

Convergent validity: AVE<.5

Following (Table 3)

Table 3. Discriminant Validity

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Variable	1	2	3	4	5
1. Individual factors	.755				
2. Organizational factors	.690	.755			
3. Complementary organisational factors	.659	.612	.755		
4. Occupational factors	.602	.601	.614	.755	
5. External organisational factors	.419	.523	.522	.575	.755

The primary condition demonstrating approach, one-example t-test, Pearson relationship test, and AMOS and SPSS factual strategies were used for information examination.

We want to ask ourselves for the accompanying comprehension. Is there an association between the administration of aspects and human asset efficiency in chief associations in Amman, Jordan, and quality?

The underlying condition displayed about Amman's leader associations shows that quality influences the board's human asset efficiency (0.438). To put it another way, the human asset efficiency of the board will be improved by expanding the rate at which Amman's hierarchical frameworks are executed.

Utilising quantitative and standard information, the Pearson connection coefficient was used to look at how factors (HRM, procedure, authority, staff, processes-items

administrations, assets and association, results for representatives and clients, work for the local area, and business results) are connected with HRM. (P-value 0.05)

Table 4. Surveying the relationship between quality components and human resource

productivity management

Variable	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Human Resource Productivity Management	1									
Leadership	0.742	1								
Strategy	0.722**	0.833	1							
Employees	0.717**	0.805	0.817	1						
Resources and Partnerships	0.723**	0.775	0.815	1.866	1					
Processes- Products-Services	0.742**	0.757	0.804	0.813	0.844	1				
Customers results	0.651	0.616	0.667	0.682	0.671	0.764	1			
Employees results	0.729**	0.759	0.788	0.810	0.823	0.774	0.651	1		
Community results	0.692**	0.696	0.725	0.741	0.757	0.754	0.701	0.774	1	
Business results	0.722**	0.740	0.781	0.803	0.808	0.758	0.663	0.825	0.792	1

^{*} Significant at the level of 0.05, ** Significant at the level of 0.01

These connections are immediate (gradual) coefficients. All in all, every quality part expands the HRM variable. The determined relationship coefficients demonstrate a more grounded association between HRM, items, administrations, cycles, and initiative.

Is there an association between a business venture's components and the board's HR efficiency in chief associations in Amman? Business fundamentally further develops efficiency the board (0.451) in leader associations in Amman, as per primary condition demonstrating results. To put it another way, business venture supports the human asset efficiency of the executives in Amman's regulatory associations. The Pearson connection sum was utilised to inspect the connection between factors (quantitative and standard information). The outcomes showed that HRM had a vast relationship with individual qualities, vital factors, hierarchical qualities, and outside factors (p-esteem 0.05).

Table 5. Investigating the relationship between entrepreneurial components and human

resource productivity management

Variable	1	2	3	4	5
Human Resource Productivity Management	1				
Individual features	0.468**	1			
Strategic variables	0.734**	0.395	1		
Organisational features	0.767**	0.378	0.821	1	
External variables	0.655**	0.385	0.732	0.777	1

^{*} Significant at the level of 0.05, ** Significant at the level of 0.01

The determined positive relationship coefficients make These connections immediate (gradual). All in all, every business part expands the HRM variable. The assessed relationship coefficients demonstrate a more grounded association between HRM and hierarchical qualities. Is there an association between business elements and quality in Amman leader associations?

As per the primary condition demonstrating results, business venture meaningfully affects the quality (0.930) in leader associations in Amman. In other words, Amman's regulatory associations benefit from expanded business ventures, which helps quality. Quantitative and regular information were analysed for their relationship, utilising the Pearson connection coefficient. The connection test shows a critical relationship (p-esteem 0.05) between private qualities, hierarchical qualities, key factors, outside factors and quality in chief associations in Amman.

Table 6. Surveying the relationship between entrepreneurship components and quality

Variables	1	2	3	4	5
Quality	1				
Individual features	0.419**	1			
Strategic variables	0.806**	0.395	2		
Organisational features	0.853**	0.378	0.821	1	
External variables	0.756**	0.385	0.732	0.777	1

^{*} Significant at the level of 0.05, ** Significant at the level of 0.01

These connections are immediate (steady) in light of the positive relationship coefficients that have been determined. To put it another way, expanding each enterprising part raises the quality variable. The assessed relates demonstrate a more grounded association between hierarchical qualities and quality. What highlights of Amman leader associations planned a human asset efficiency the executives model for hierarchical greatness underscoring quality and business?

The normalised chi-square worth (CMIN/DF) is 3.116, the root mean square mistake of assessment (RMSEA) is (0.064), and the decency of fit file (GFI) is (0.926), which showed that the exploration model was all appropriate.

One of the most proficient techniques for accomplishing hierarchical greatness is to zero in on HR. One of the most essential programs in associations is human asset efficiency as a critical device for acquiring the upper hand. Thus, having qualified HR with the qualities, capacities, and abilities necessary for the present associations can give them an upper hand. As per the discoveries of this review, the human asset efficiency of the board in Amman's leader associations is impacted by quality. HRM likewise influenced systems, authority, staff, processes, items, administrations, assets, associations, results for workers and clients, local areas, and business results.

Human asset efficiency increases when quality administration and authoritative business ventures are executed in associations. Subsequently, associations can develop a significant age of applicable representatives through quality and corporate business ventures.

Likewise, it was resolved that individual attributes, hierarchical qualities, key factors, and outer factors influence chief associations in Amman's quality.

What's more, it was exhibited that leader associations in Amman have a connection between the quality and efficiency of the board. Thus, chiefs ought to think about directing intermittent assessments to upgrade the activities of the associations consistently and, at last, work on the nature of the administrations given. Since the association

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contains possible business people, they should provide the establishment for their exercises.

It is recommended that chiefs first locate the assumptions and prerequisites of clients and make imaginative and inventive spaces to do enterprising exercises to offer quality types of assistance (speed, accuracy, cost, etc.) because of the positive connection between hierarchical business venture and quality in leader associations in Amman.

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